

# Analyzing Configurable Systems with Dynamic Taint Analysis

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# **Find How Options Influence Control-Flow Decisions**

# Analyze How Options Interact

Program understanding

Configuration testing

Performance analysis

# Exploiting Structure and Behavior of Highly Configurable Systems to Measure Performance

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## ConfigCrusher: White-Box Performance Analysis for Configurable Systems

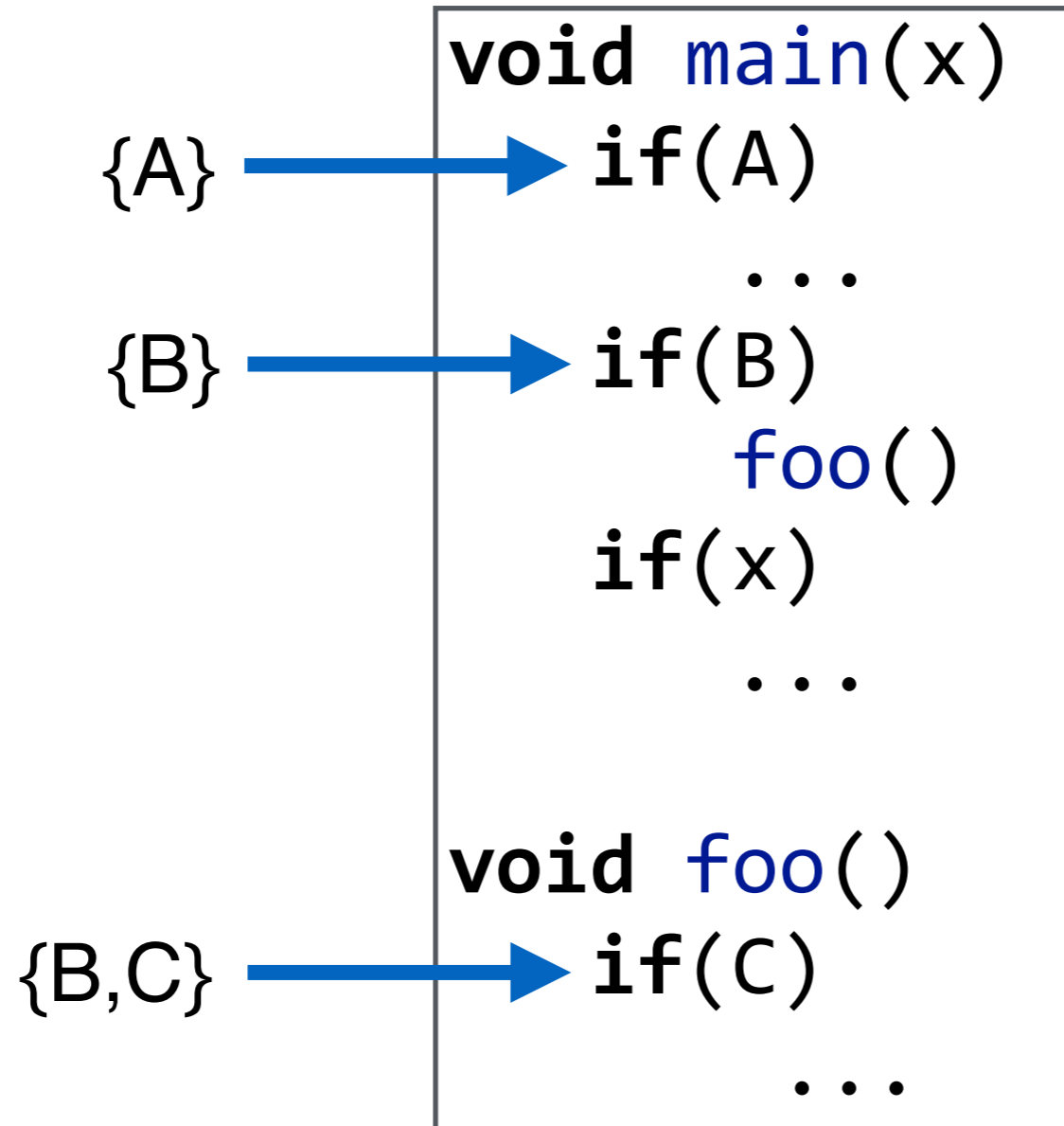
**Miguel Velez**, Pooyan Jamshidi, Florian Sattler,  
Norbert Siegmund, Sven Apel, Christian Kästner

# Analyze How Options Interact

```
void main(x)
  if(A)
    ...
  if(B)
    foo()
  if(x)
    ...

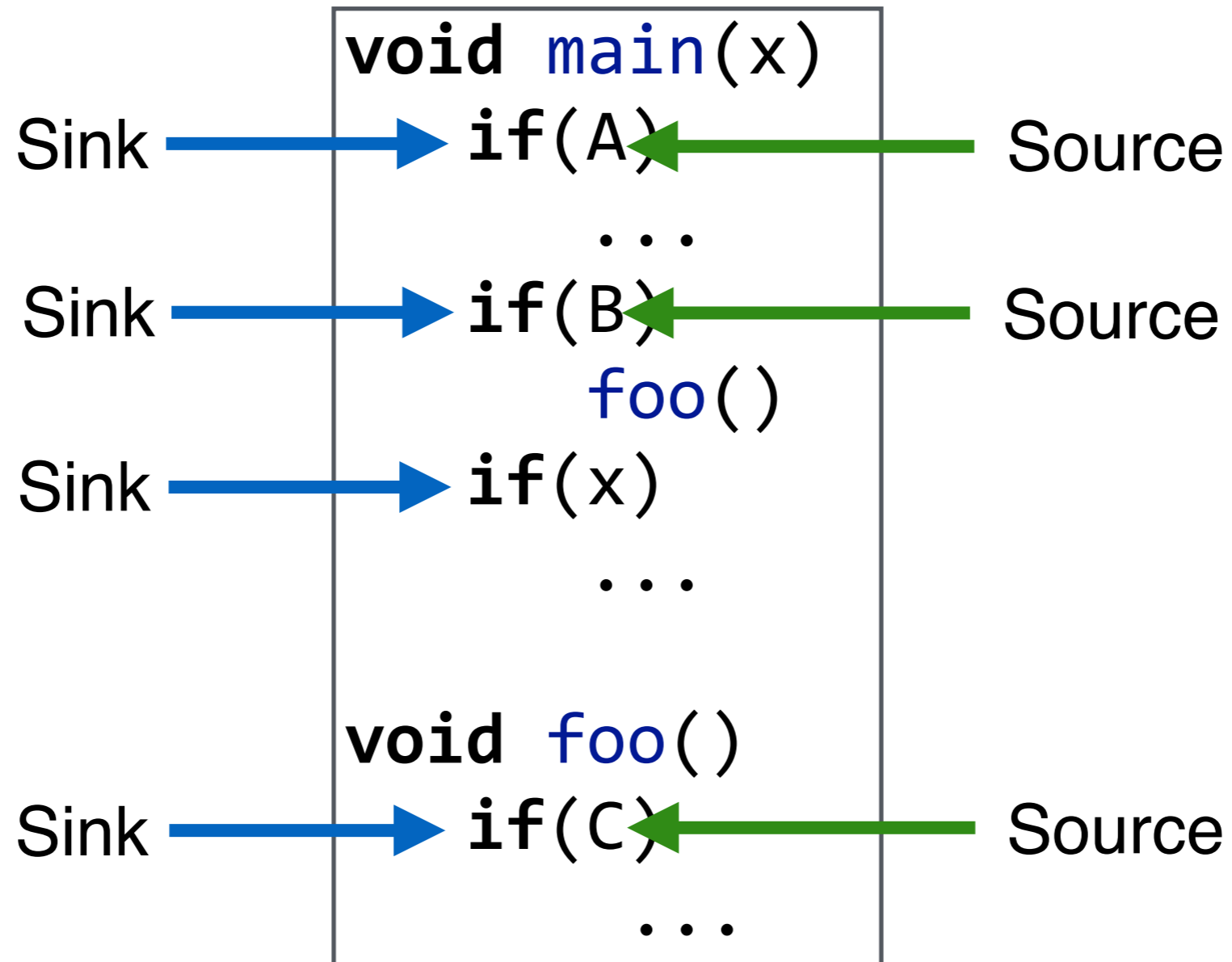
void foo()
  if(C)
    ...
```

# Analyze How Options Interact



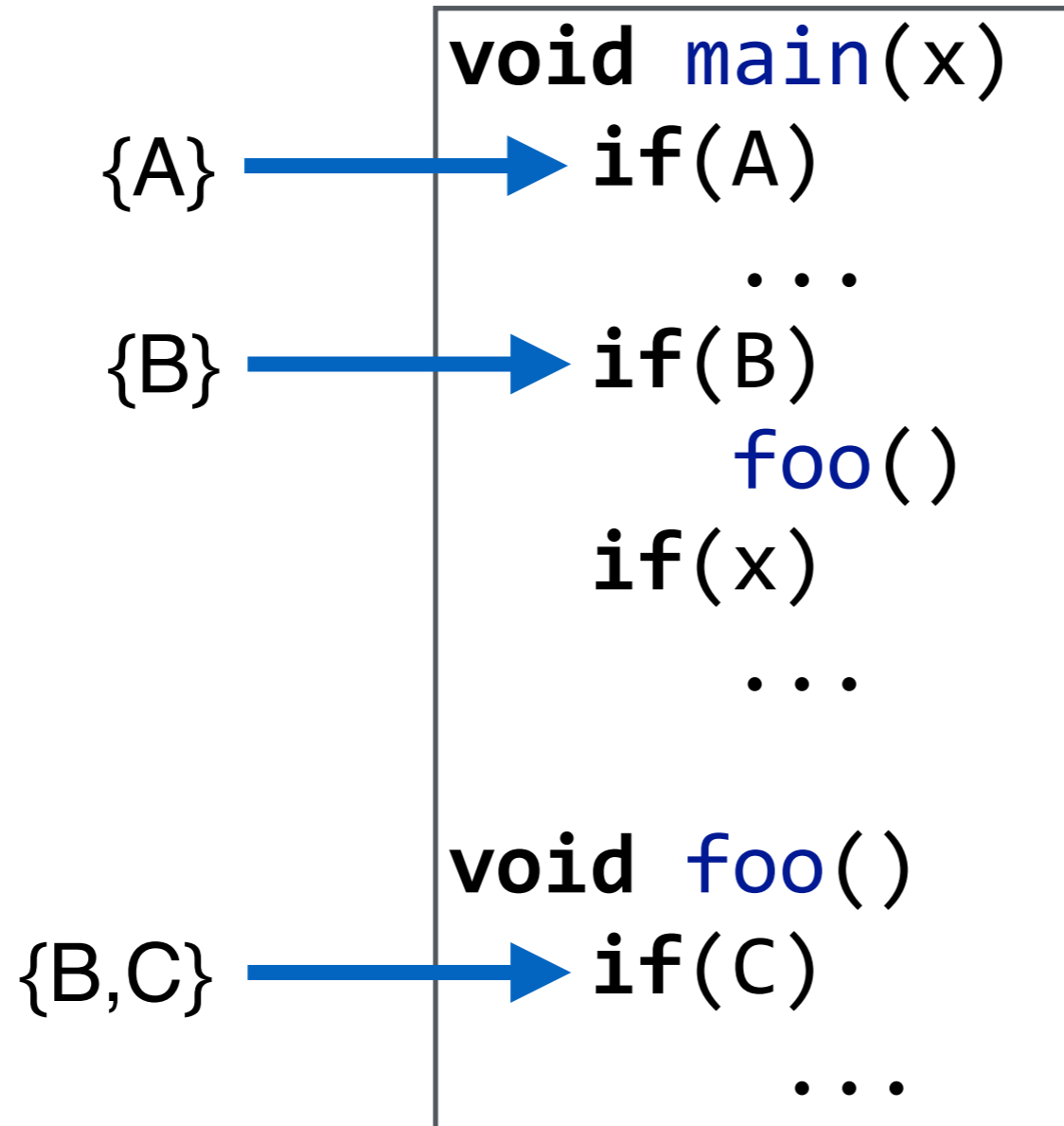
# Static Taint Analysis

# Taint Analysis

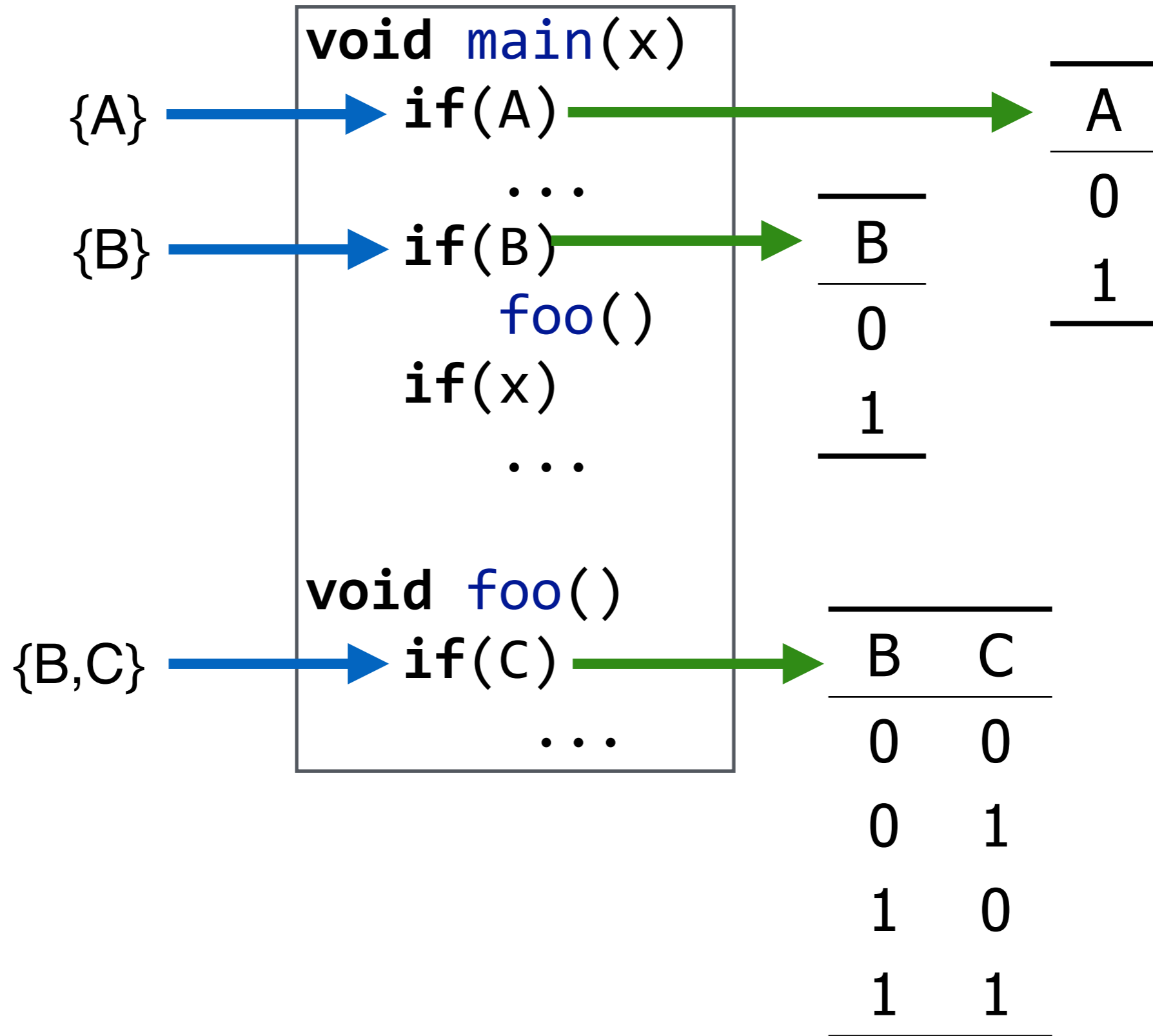




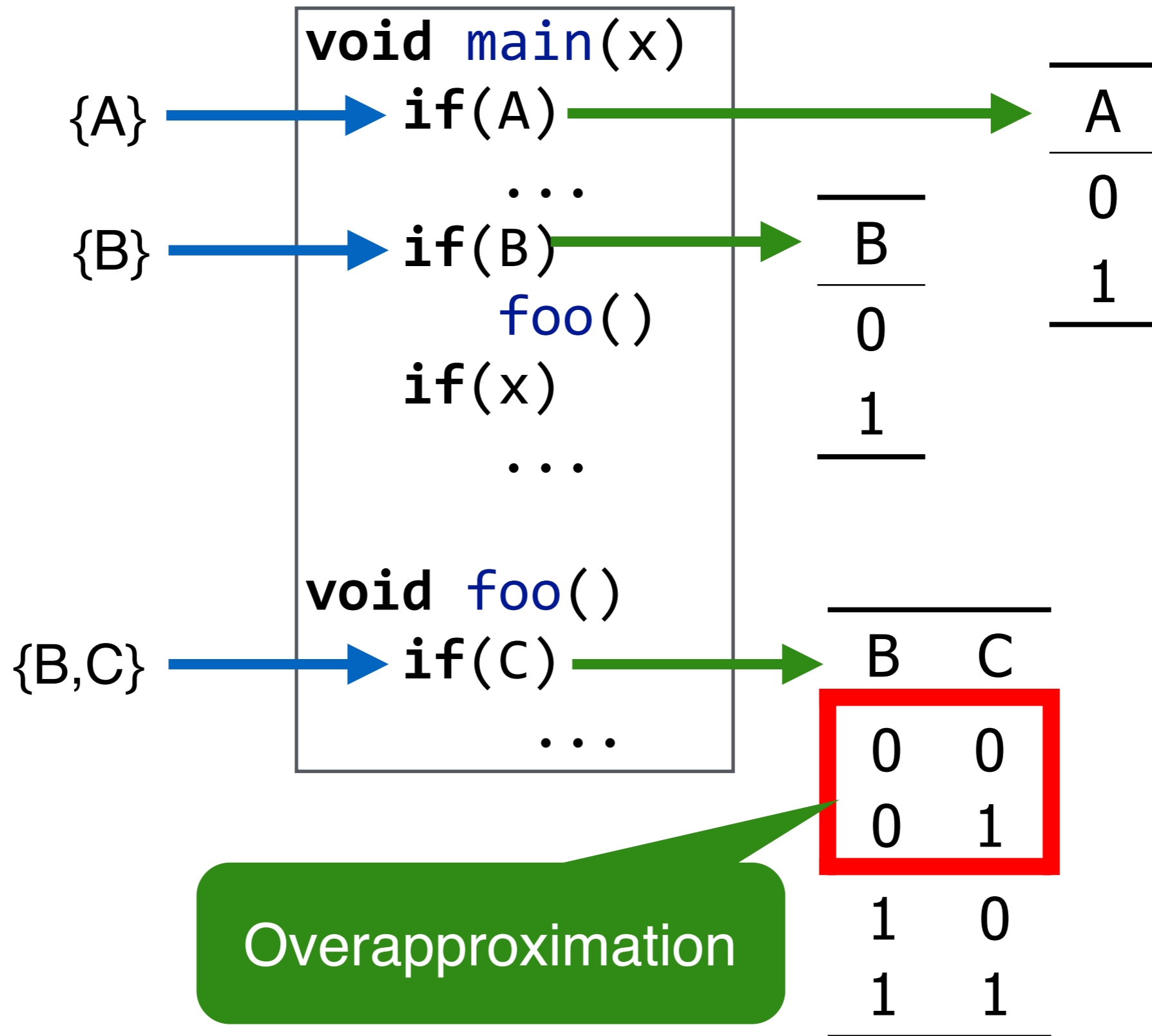
# Static Taint Analysis



# Find Configurations to Efficiently Explore Decisions



# Find Configurations to Efficiently Explore Decisions



# SPLat

## SPLat: Lightweight Dynamic Analysis for Reducing Combinatorics in Testing Configurable Systems

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### ABSTRACT

Many programs can be configured through dynamic and/or static selection of configuration variables. A *software product line (SPL)*, for example, specifies a family of programs where each program is defined by a unique combination of features. Systematically testing SPL programs is expensive as it can require running each test against a combinatorial number of configurations. Fortunately, a test is often independent of many configuration variables and need not be run against every combination. Configurations that are not


example, specifies a family of programs where each program is defined by a unique combination of features (increments in program functionality). Many codebases that power modern websites are also highly configurable. For instance, the code behind the `groupon.com` website has over 170 boolean configuration variables and can, in theory, be deployed in over  $2^{170}$  different configurations.

Systematically testing configurable systems and SPLs is challenging because running each test can, in principle, require many actual executions—one execution for each pos-

# SPLat Infers Control-Flow Interactions

```
void main(x)
  if(A)
    ...
  if(B)
    foo()
  if(x)
    ...

void foo()
  if(C)
    ...
```



B	C
1	0
1	1

# SPLat is a Pseudo-Brute-Force Approach

```
void main(x)
  if(A)
    ...
  if(B)
    foo()
  if(x)
    ...

void foo()
  if(C)
    ...
```

A	B
0	0
0	1
1	0
1	1

Overapproximation

# Dynamic Taint Analysis

# Iterative Dynamic Taint Analysis



# Iterative Dynamic Taint Analysis

Pick initial configuration to execute

# Iterative Dynamic Taint Analysis

Pick initial configuration to execute



Run dynamic taint analysis

# Iterative Dynamic Taint Analysis

Pick initial configuration to execute



Run dynamic taint analysis



Derive configurations to explore

# Iterative Dynamic Taint Analysis

Pick initial configuration to execute



Run dynamic taint analysis



Derive configurations to explore



If not all configurations explored

# Iterative Dynamic Taint Analysis

Pick initial configuration to execute



Run dynamic taint analysis



Derive configurations to explore



If not all configurations explored



Pick new configuration

# Iterative Dynamic Taint Analysis

Pick initial configuration to execute



Run dynamic taint analysis



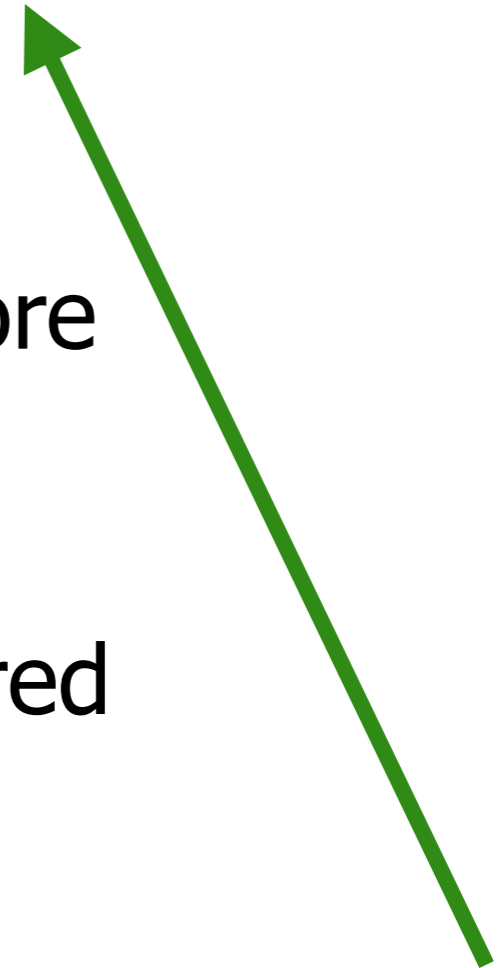
Derive configurations to explore



If not all configurations explored



Pick new configuration



# Iterative Dynamic Taint Analysis

Pick initial configuration to execute

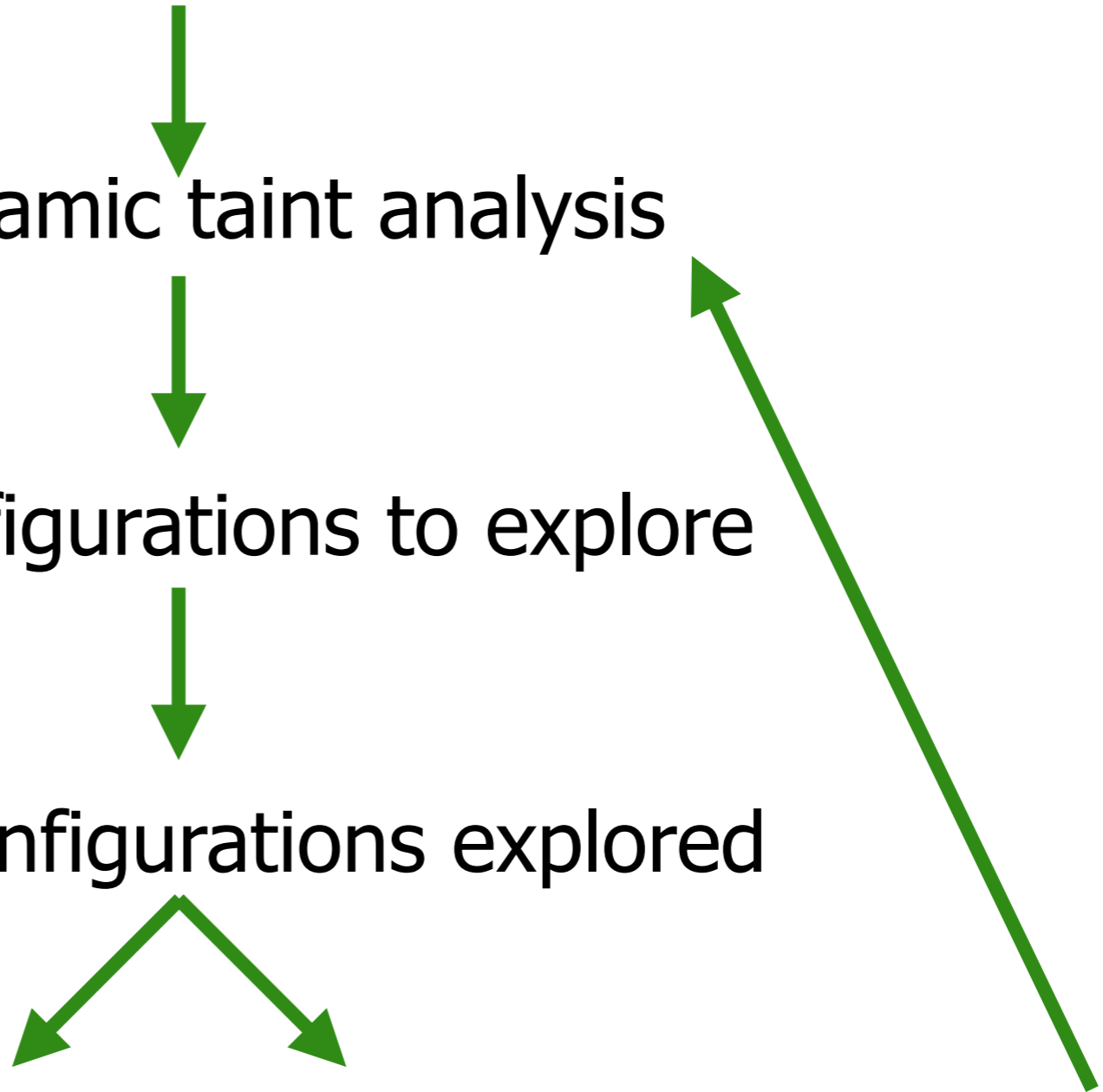
Run dynamic taint analysis

Derive configurations to explore

If not all configurations explored

Done

Pick new configuration



# Pick Configuration to Execute

A	B	C
0	0	0

```
void main(x)
  if(A)
    ...
  if(B)
    foo()
  if(x)
    ...

void foo()
  if(C)
    ...
```



# Dynamic Taint Analysis

A	B	C
0	0	0

```
void main(x)
  if(A) // A=0
    ...
  if(B) // B=0
    foo()
  if(x)
    ...

void foo()
  if(C) // C=0
    ...
```

# Dynamic Taint Analysis

A	B	C
0	0	0

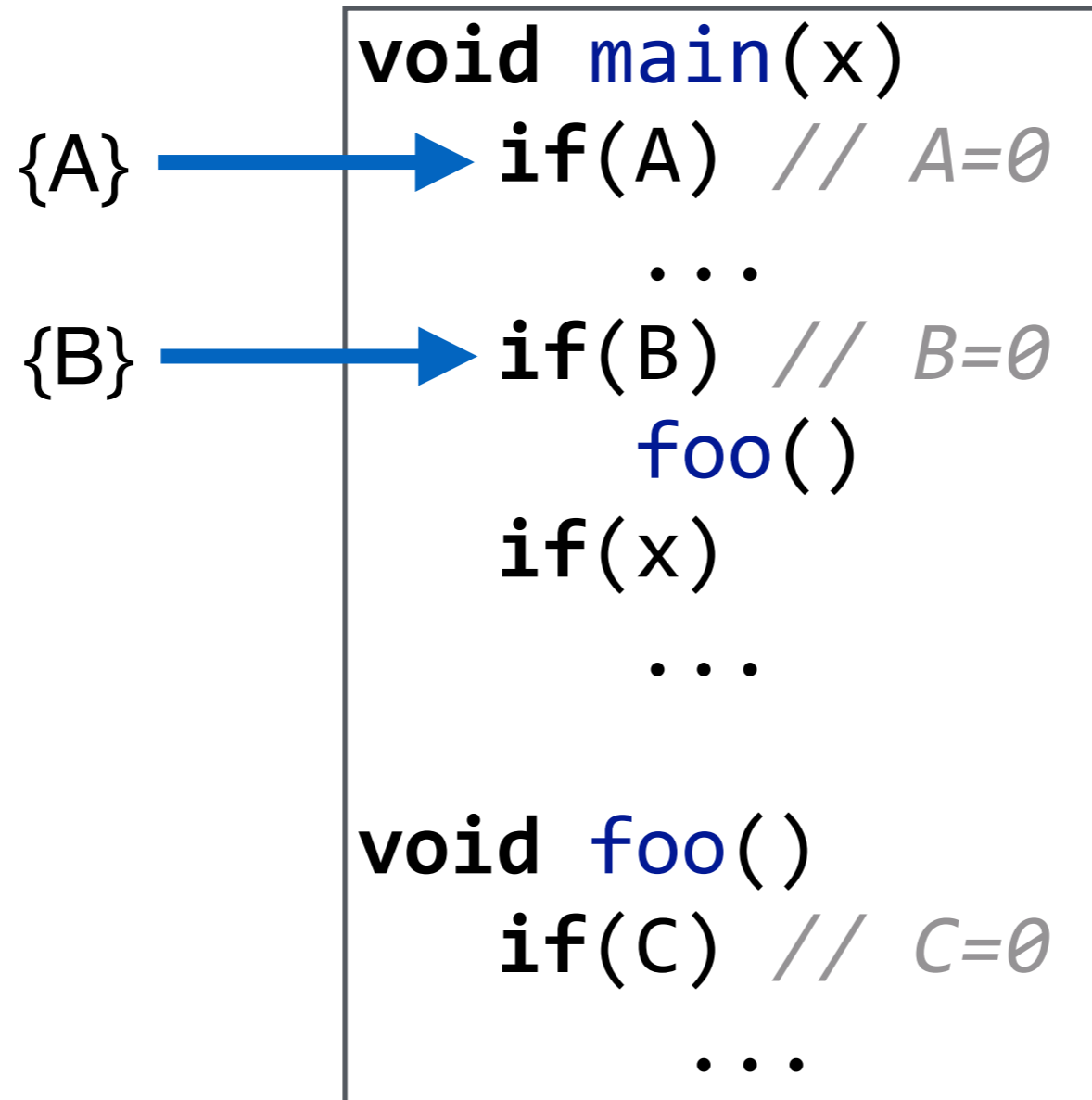
{A} →

```
void main(x)
  if(A) // A=0
    ...
  if(B) // B=0
    foo()
  if(x)
    ...

void foo()
  if(C) // C=0
    ...
```

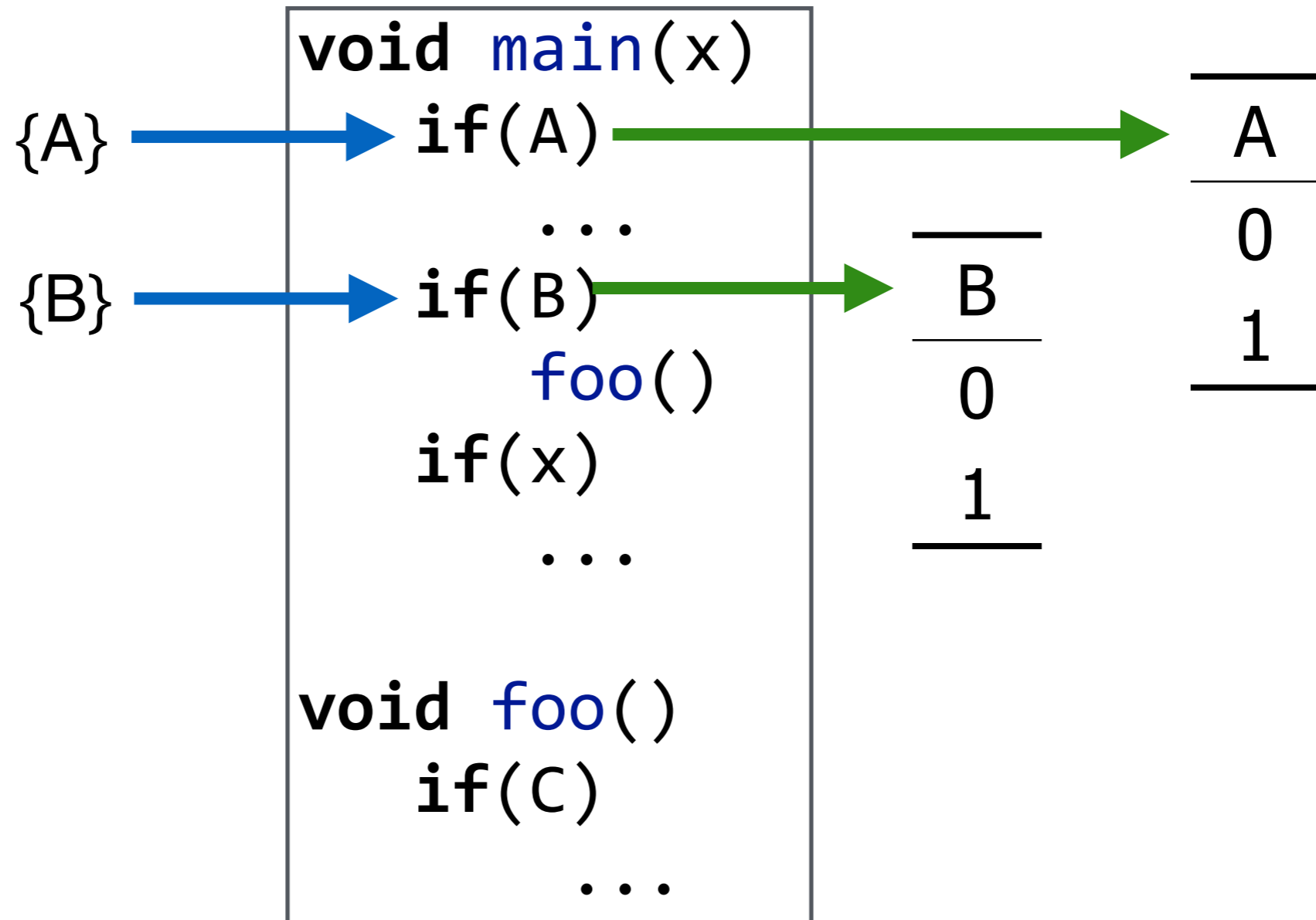
# Dynamic Taint Analysis

A	B	C
0	0	0



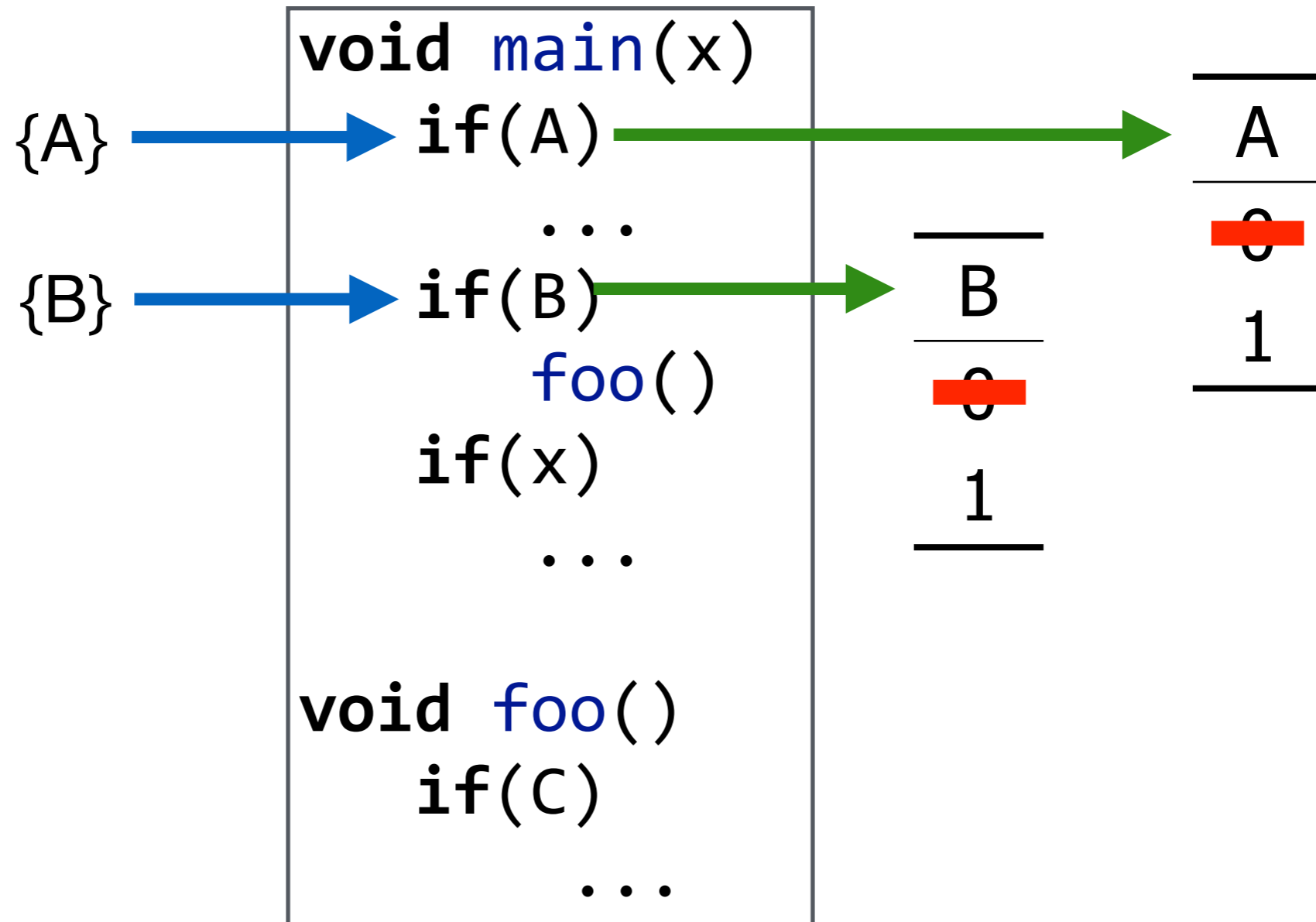
# Derive Configurations to Explore

A	B	C
0	0	0



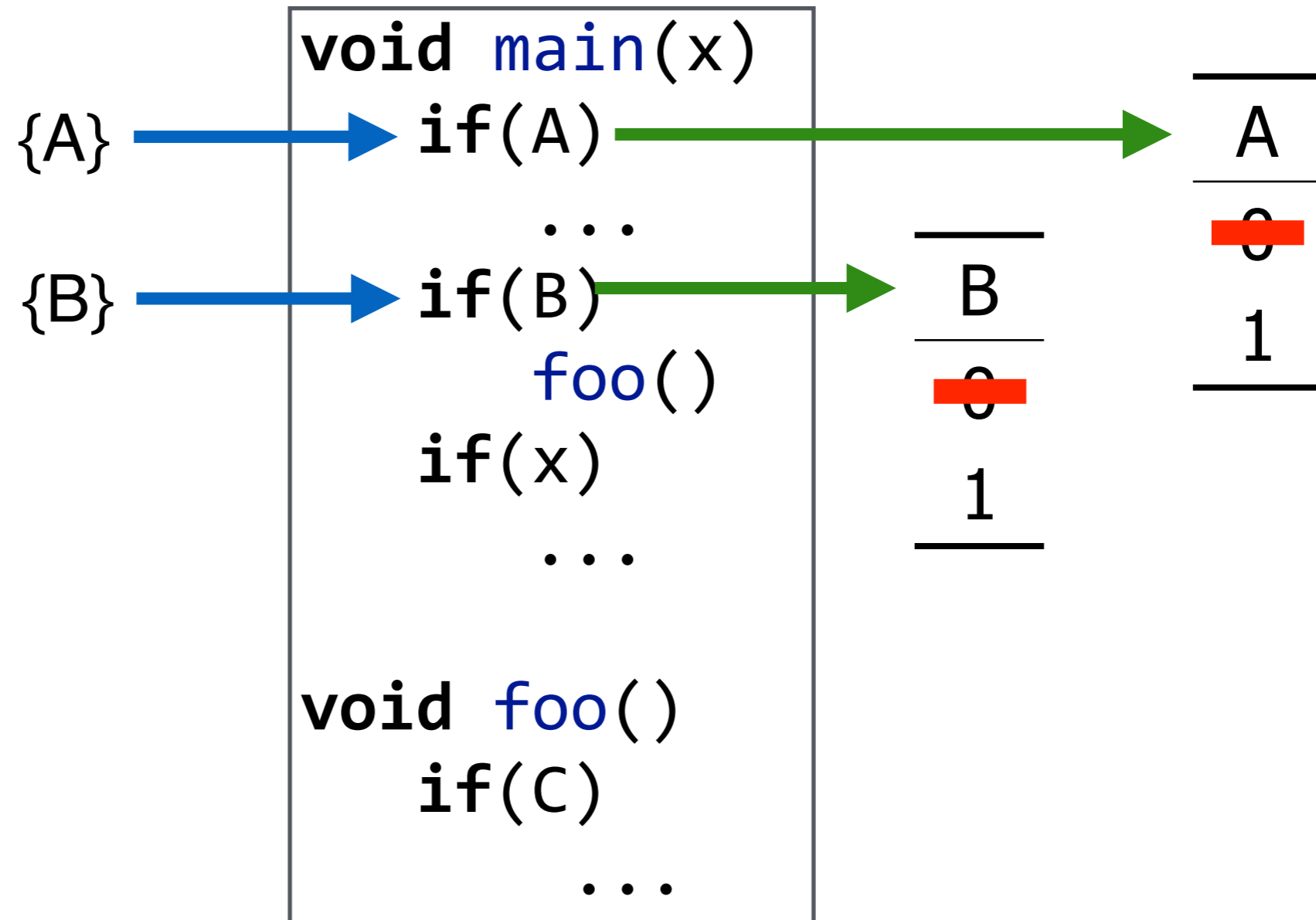
# Derive Configurations to Explore

A	B	C
0	0	0



# Pick Next Configuration to Execute

A	B	C
1	1	0



# Dynamic Taint Analysis

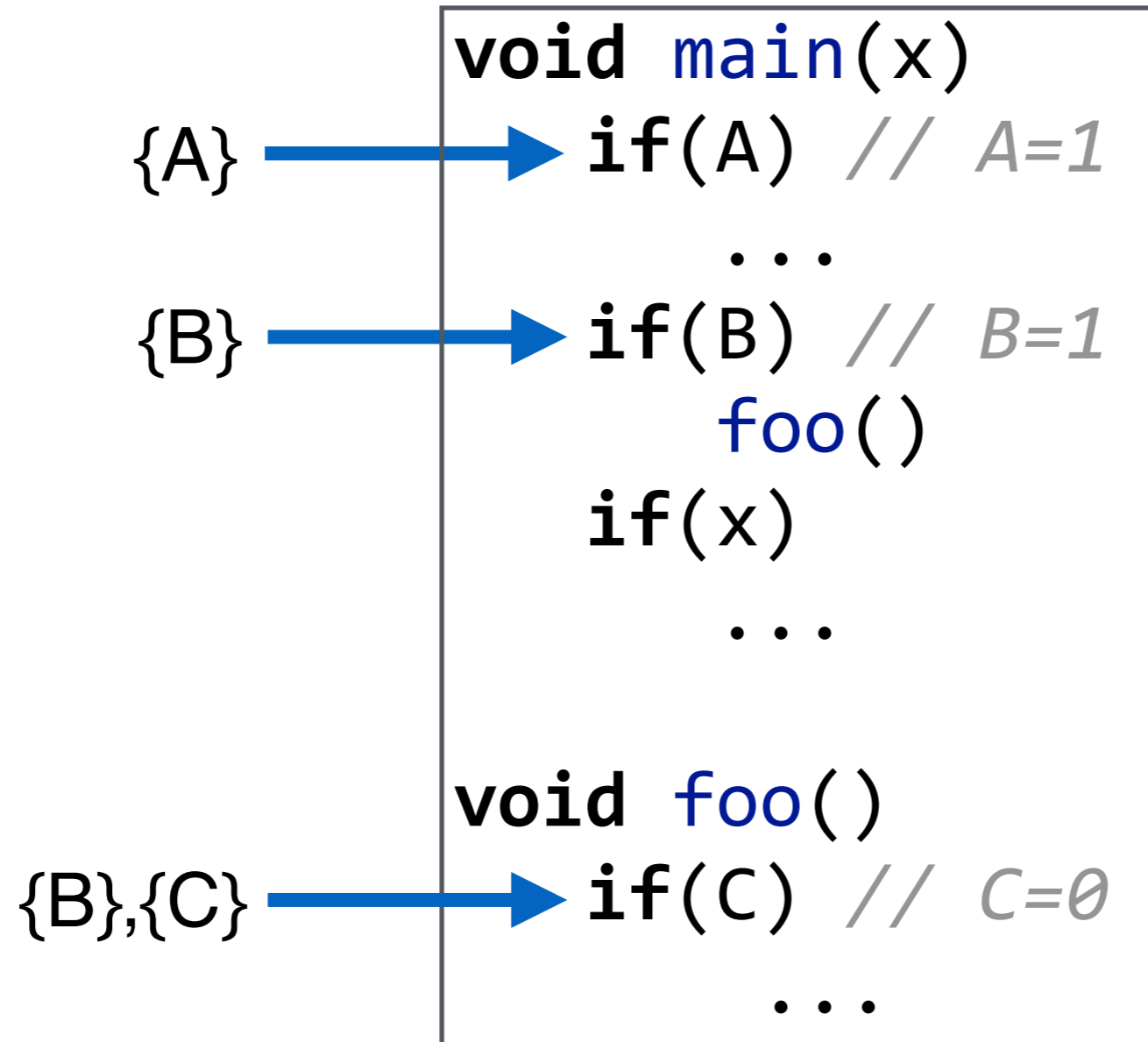
A	B	C
1	1	0

```
void main(x)
    if(A) // A=1
        ...
    if(B) // B=1
        foo()
    if(x)
        ...

void foo()
    if(C) // C=0
        ...
```

# Dynamic Taint Analysis

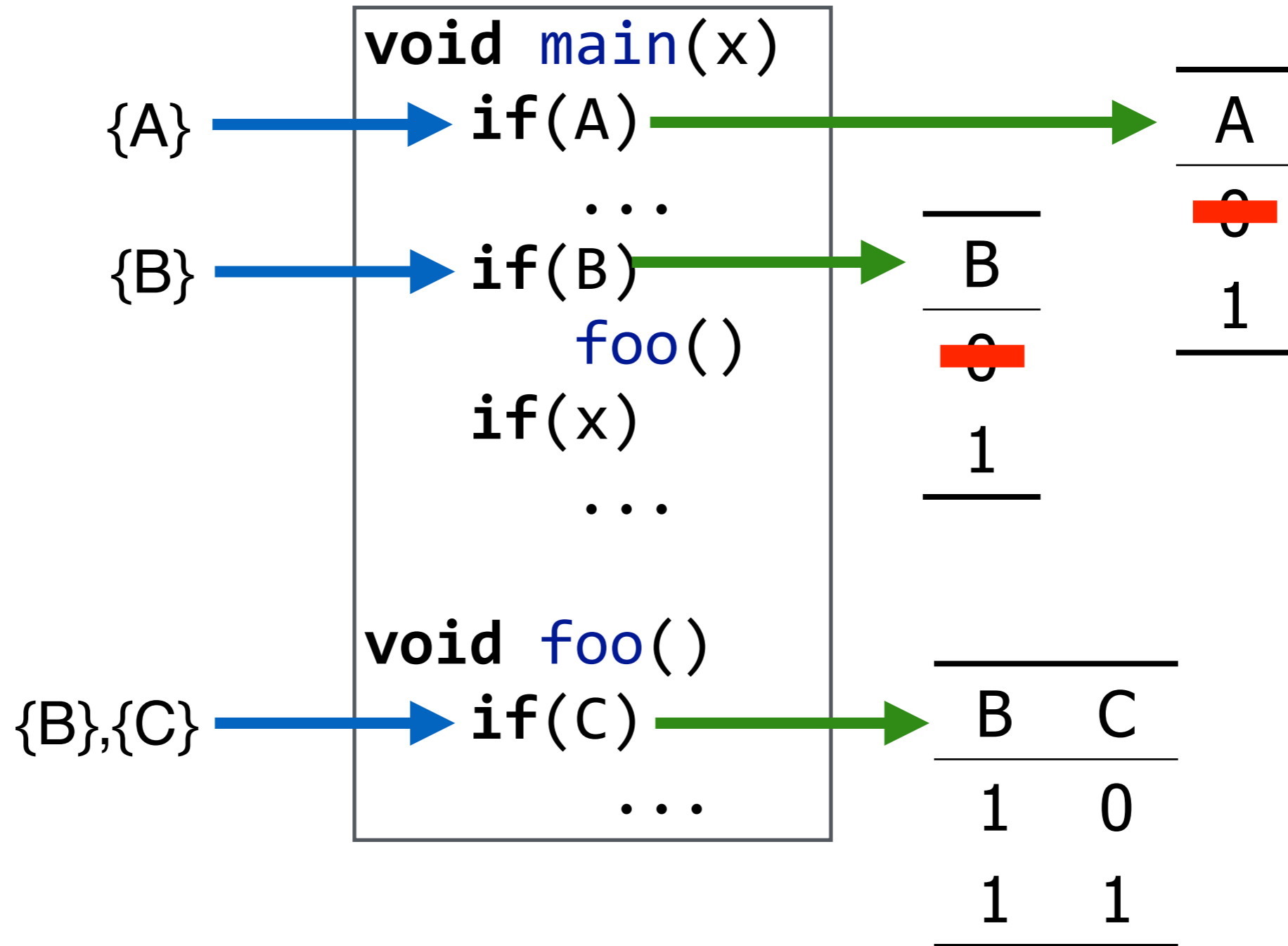
A	B	C
1	1	0





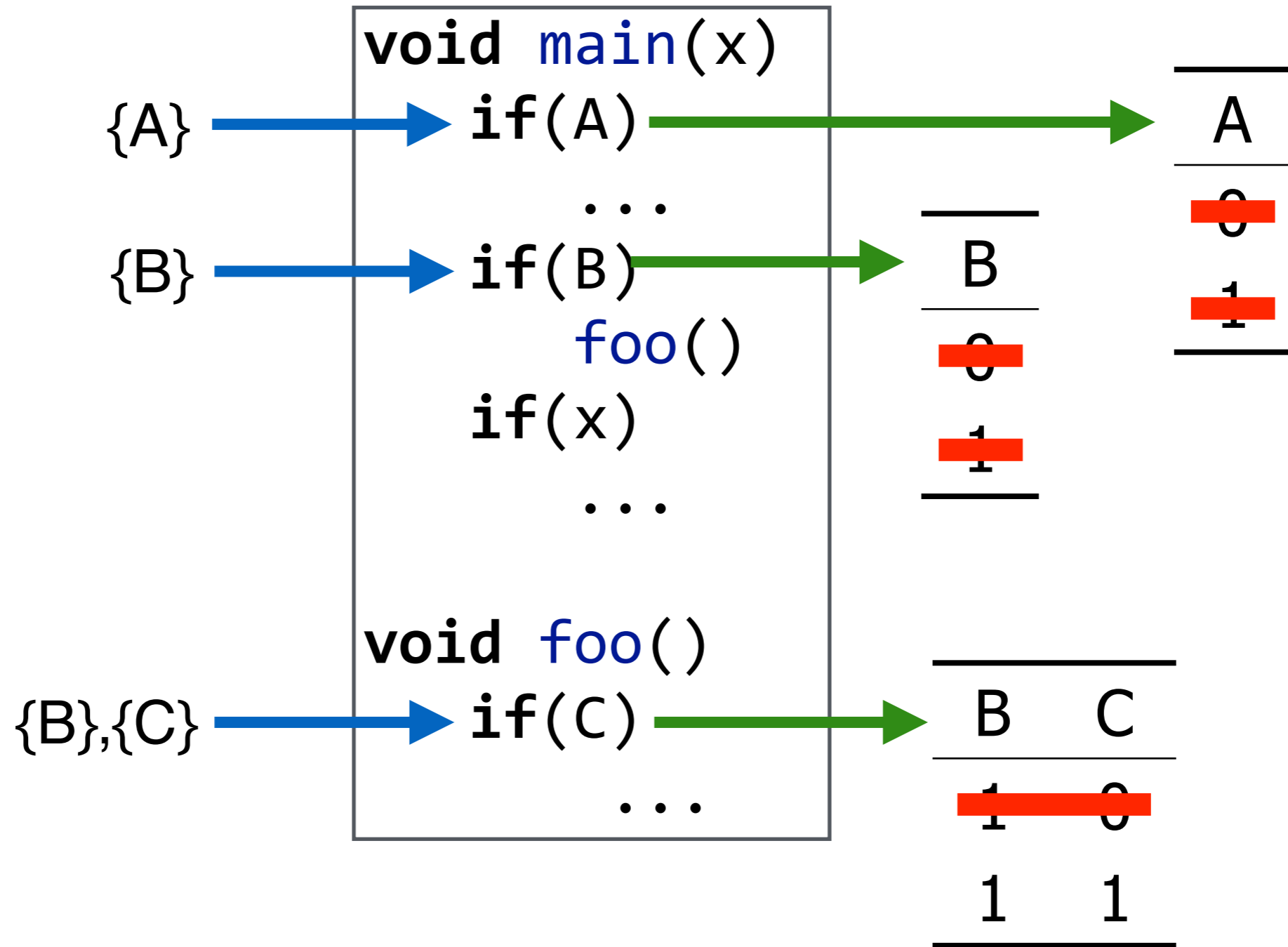
# Derive Configurations to Explore

A	B	C
1	1	0



# Pick Next Configuration to Execute

A	B	C
0	1	1



# Dynamic Taint Analysis

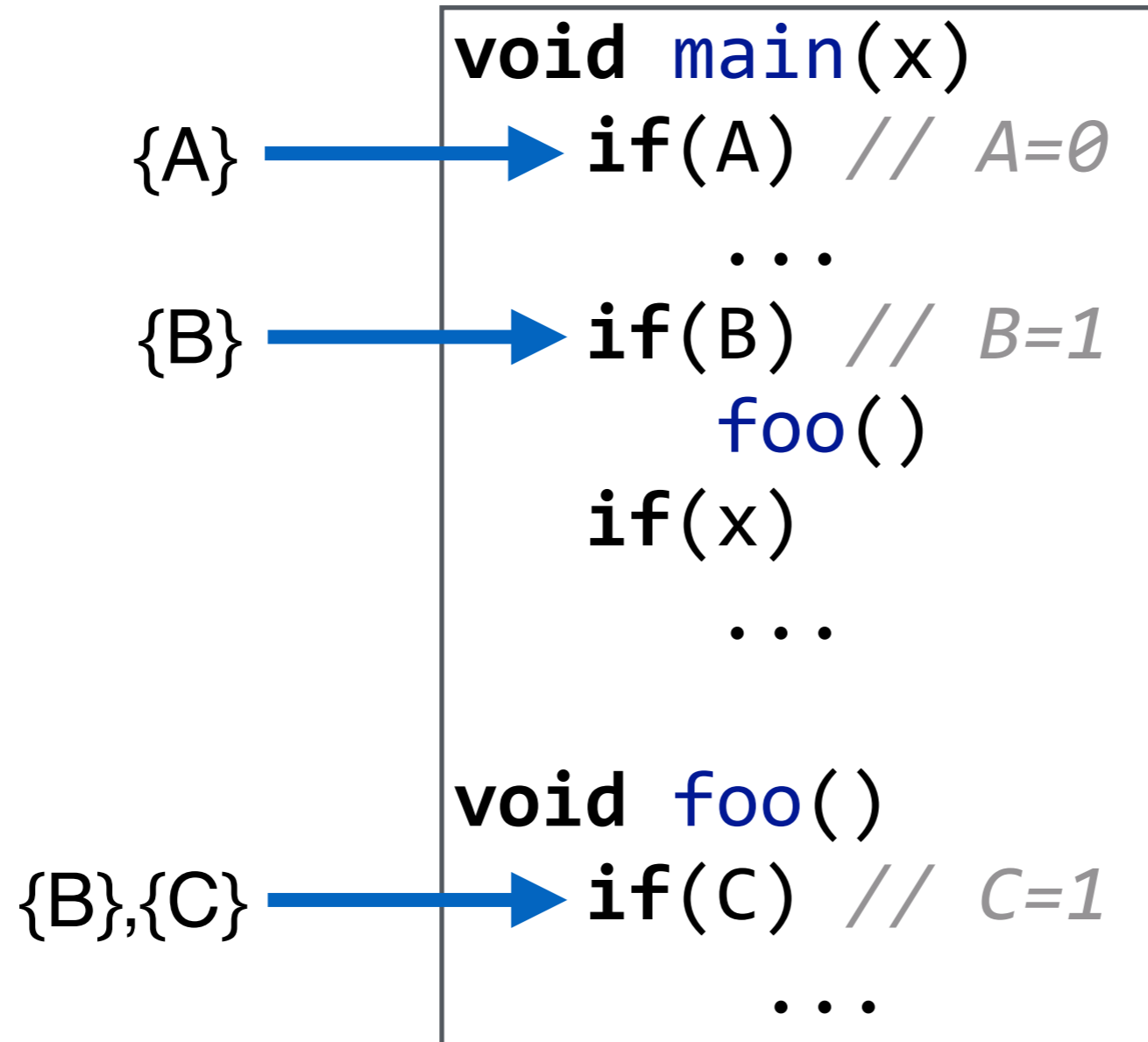
A	B	C
0	1	1

```
void main(x)
  if(A) // A=0
    ...
  if(B) // B=1
    foo()
  if(x)
    ...

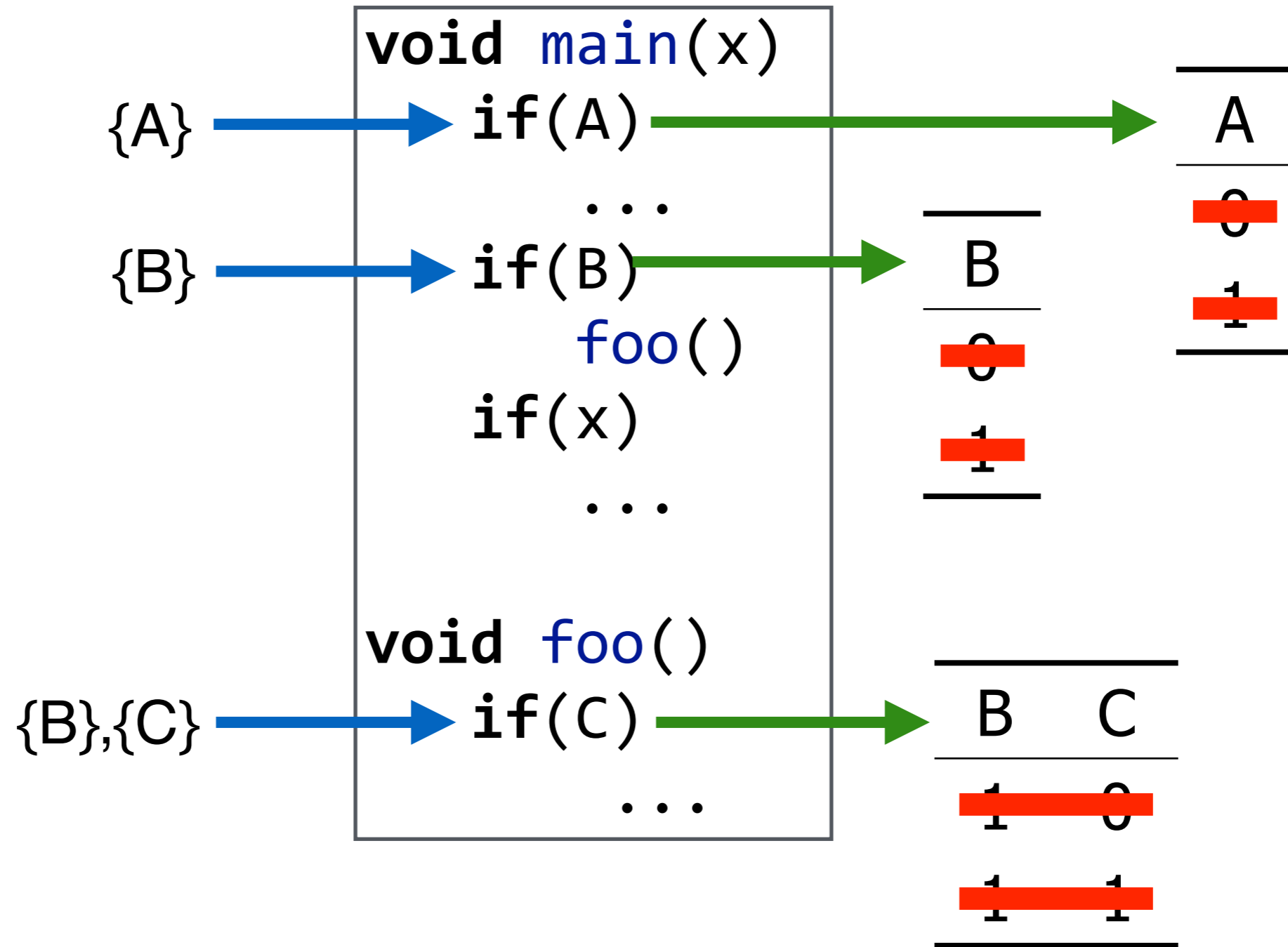
void foo()
  if(C) // C=1
    ...
```

# Dynamic Taint Analysis

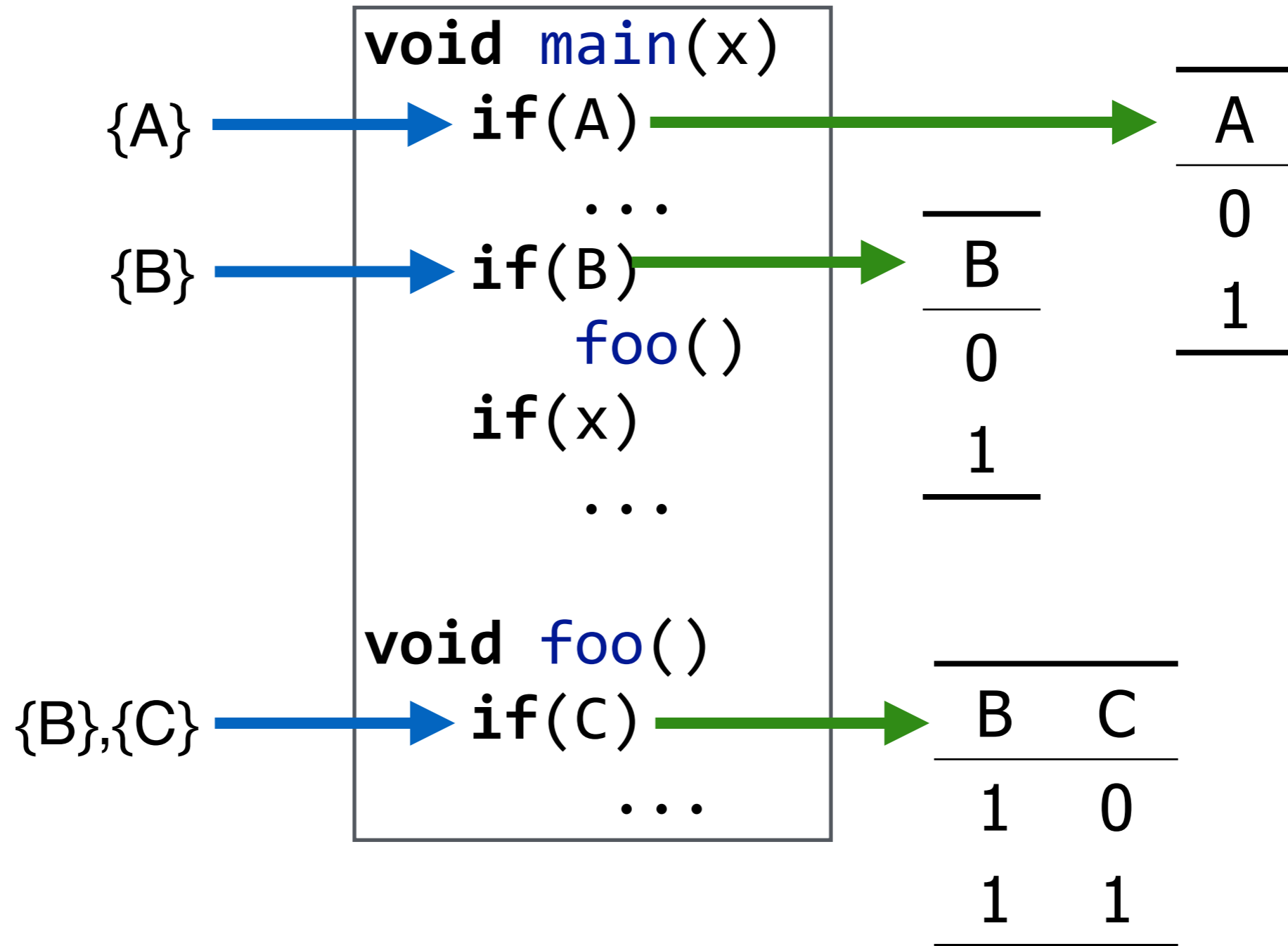
A	B	C
0	1	1



# Pick Next Configuration to Execute



# Find Configurations to Efficiently Explore Decisions



# Limitations of Dynamic Taint Analysis

Hard to track implicit flows with unsound analysis

# Tracking Implicit Flows

```
void main()  
  x = 0  
  if(A)  
    x = 1  
  if(x)  
    ...
```



# Tracking Implicit Flows

A  
0

```
void main()  
    x = 0  
    if(A) // A=0  
        x = 1  
    if(x)  
        ...
```

# Tracking Implicit Flows

A  
0

{A}



```
void main()  
    x = 0  
    if(A) // A=0  
        x = 1  
    if(x)  
        ...
```

# Tracking Implicit Flows

A  
0

```
void main()  
    x = 0  
    if(A) // A=0  
        x = 1  
    if(x)  
        ...
```

{A} →

Missed information

# Limitations of Dynamic Taint Analysis

Hard to track implicit flows with unsound analysis

Tooling overhead

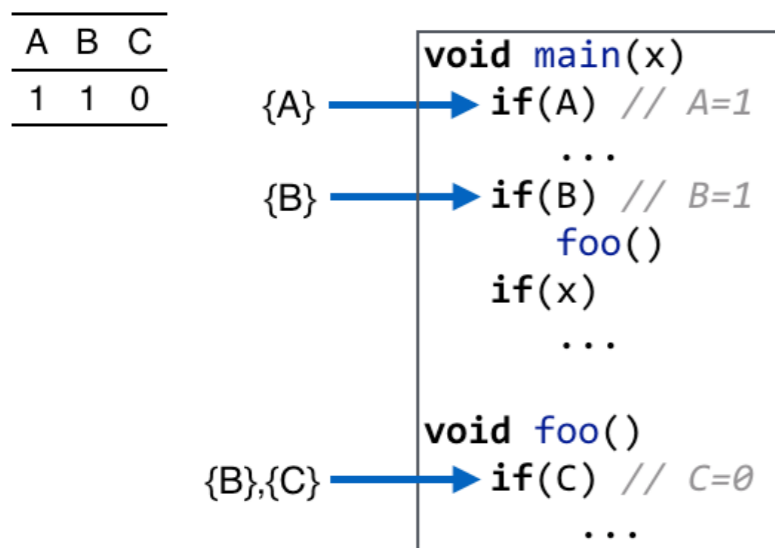
# Summary

## Dynamic taint analysis

Find how options influence control-flow decisions

Find configurations to efficiently explore decisions

### Dynamic Taint Analysis



### Find Configurations to Efficiently Explore Decisions

